Warwickshire Geological Conservation Group

Warwickshire Local Geological Site				
Site No: 97	Kenilworth Cutting (Coventry Road)			
Geological Formations	Kenilworth Formation (Permian)			
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Local Geological Sites (LGS), designated by locally developed criteria, are currently the most important places for geology and geomorphology outside statutorily protected land such as Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI). The designation of a LGS is one way of recognising and protecting important Earth science and landscape features for future generations to enjoy.

WGCG is responsible for the identification of LGSs in Warwickshire and the West Midlands.

Please note that designation of a site as a LGS does not confer a legal right of access. Unless the site is on a designated public right-of-way, the landowner's permission is required before visiting.

Warwickshire Local Geological Site Criteria Form				
Site Name: Kenilworth Cutting (Coventry Road)	Also known as:			
Location: Kenilworth	LGS No: 97			
District: Warwick	Grid Reference: SP 2986 7326			
ESCC Class: ER				

Brief Description:

Exposure of the Permian Kenilworth Sandstone Formation (Warwickshire Group) on the East side of disused railway cutting.

The sales are a 1161 a		. 41	6 - 11 d d d		
	es as a Local Geological Site for				
	value of the site for educationa	l pur			✓
Valuable for fieldwork		✓	Easily and safely acce	essible	✓
Access permitted		✓	Capable of maintenan	ce	✓
Scientific - the v	alue of the site for study by bot	h pro	ofessional and amateu	ır Earth Scientists	✓
Diversity			Rare or exceptional fe	ature	
Size or extent			Typicalness		
Fragility			Naturalness		
Historic - the va exploitation	lue of the site in terms of Earth	Scie	nce knowledge, event	s or human	
Linked with a prominent geologist			Associated with an important scientific concept		
Linked with an historic building or monument			Associated with an important industrial process		
Aesthetic - the v	value of the site in the landscape	Э			
Has features that	form a prominent part of the land	scap	e and are locally well kr	nown	
Has features that processes	contribute to understanding lands	scape	e-scale geological or ge	omorphological	
Easily and safely	accessible by the public				
This site has be	en selected by the LGS Selection	n Pa	nel on:	19th October 2010	
Signed	lan Fenwick Chairman, Warwickshire Geological Conservation Group				
Endorsed by:					
Signed	Jon Radley		Keeper of Geology	y, Warwickshire Mus	eum
Signed	Anton Irving	ļ	Area Conservation A	Adviser, Natural Eng	land
In the event of a	ny development or planning co				

In the event of any development or planning consultation relating to this site or its surrounds, please inform the LGS Officer on-line at www.wgcg.co.uk or by post to The LGS Officer, WGCG, c/o Warwickshire Museum, Market Place, Warwick CV34 4SA

WGCG Criteria Form Version D - July 2010

WARWICKSHIRE GEOLOGICAL CONSERVATION GROUP LOCAL GEOLOGICAL SITE (LGS)

Site No:	97	Site Name:	Kenilworth Cutting (Coventry Road)		
Parish			Kenilworth		
District			Warwick		
National Grid Reference		е	SP 2986 7326		
Ordnance Survey Sheets 1:50000		ts 1:50000	Landranger 140		
1:25000			Explorer 221		

Location

The site is on the disused railway cutting 350m south of a gate at SP 2972 7353 on Coventry Road. A track passes the foot of the exposure.

Currently there is no public right-of-way on the track but it is designated to become a SUSTRANS cycle track.

Summary of Interest

The Permian Kenilworth Sandstone Formation (Warwickshire Group) is exposed on the west side of the track through the cutting for a length of about 15 metres. There is a uniform dip of 10° to SE.

The section comprises a massively bedded medium to coarse grained, ferruginous, reddish brown sandstone, about 3 metres thick.

The bedding of the upper unit is finer and broken with the possibility of mudstone bands; in places this has weathered and can be described as 'rubbly'.

There are some small holes in the surface of the main sandstone which could indicate the weathering out of mudstone clasts. The bedding is flat, planar, very clearly parallel to the bedding planes. No cross bedding evident.

There appears to be a small fault at the southern end of the exposure. A displacement of about 50cm downwards is apparent.

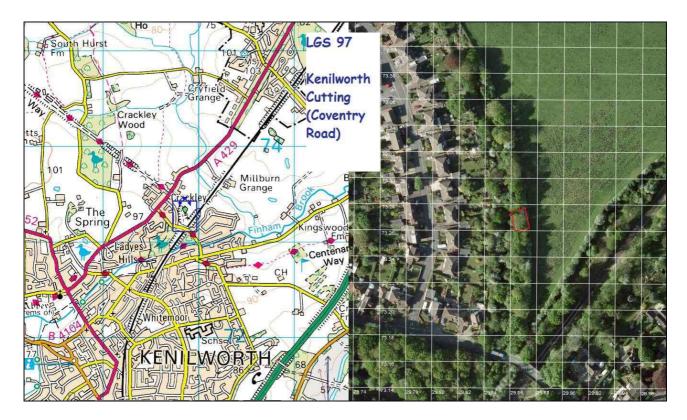
At the northern end of the exposure, at the contact between the massive unit and the rubbly unit, a shallow channel about 1m across can be seen. The scoured out channel is filled with rubbly sandstone.



View of section from N.



Central part of section as currently revealed



The blue rectangle on the map defines the area depicted in the aerial photograph

The red rectangle on the aerial photograph defines the extent of the LGS